

## **Memory & Meditation Work**

(Psalm 1:1-3)

- 1 Corinthians 10:31
- 1 Corinthians 6:20
- 2 Timothy 3:16-17
- Ecclesiastes 12:13-14
- Psalm 73:25-26
- Isaiah 46:9-10
- John 1:12-13
- Proverbs 19:21
- Daniel 4:35
- Psalm 115:1-3
- Colossians 1:15-17
- Isaiah 6:1-5
- 1 John 2:3-6
- Ephesians 5:15-17
- 1 John 2:15-17
- James 4:13-16
- 1 Corinthians 2:14
- Philippians 2:5-8
- Hebrews 12:1-2
- Isaiah 53:10 Yet it pleased the LORD to bruise Him; He has put Him to grief. When You make His soul an offering for sin, He shall see His seed, He shall prolong His days, and the pleasure of the LORD shall prosper in His hand.





#### **Our Goals for 2022**

- ① To GROW in a deeper relationship with God.
- 2 To GLORIFY God in everything we do.
- ③ To PURSUE holiness.
- 4 To BE CHURCH as God designed His Church to be.
- ⑤ To HEAR God preach His glorious Gospel to us.
- ★ To say to one another, "Imitate me, just as I imitate Christ."

## **Disciple Growing Catechism**

# 15. What special act of providence did God exercise toward man in the state wherein he was created?

ANSWER: When God created man, He entered a covenant of life with him, upon condition of perfect obedience; forbidding him to eat of the tree of knowledge of good and evil, upon the pain of death.

REFERENCES: Genesis 2:16-17; Leviticus 18:5; Nehemiah 9:29; Galatians 3:12; Ezekiel 18:4: Romans 6:23

## 16. Did all mankind fall in Adam's first transgression?

ANSWER: The covenant being made with Adam, not only for himself but for his posterity, all mankind descending from him by ordinary generation.

REFERENCES: 1 Corinthians 15:21-22; Romans 5:12-21.

## 17. Into what estate did the fall bring mankind?

ANSWER: The fall brought mankind into a estate of sin and misery. REFERENCES: Romans 5:12; 3:10-19; Ephesians 2:1-3; Romans 5:6; Genesis 6:5; James 1:14-15; Matthew 15:19.

### 18. Did God leave all mankind to perish in the estate of sin and misery?

ANSWER: God having, out of His <u>mere</u> good pleasure to the praise of His grace, **from all eternity**, elected some to everlasting life, did enter into a covenant of grace, to deliver them from the estate of sin and misery, and to bring them into an estate of salvation by a Redeemer.

REFERENCES: Ephesians 1:4; 2 Thessalonians 2:13; Titus 1:1-2; 2 Timothy 1:9; Revelation 13:8; 17:8; Romans 3:20-22; Galatians 3:21-22

#### 19. What is the misery of the estate whereinto man fell?

ANSWER: All mankind by their fall lost communion/fellowship with God, are under His wrath and curse, and so made liable to all miseries in this life, to death itself, and to the pains of hell forever.

REFERENCES: Genesis 3:8, 10, 24; Ephesians 2:2-3; Galatians 3:10; Lamenations 3:39; Romans 6:23; Matthew 25:41, 46.

#### 20. Is any man able perfectly to keep the commandments of God?

ANSWER: No mere man since the fall is able in this life perfectly to keep the commandments of God, but does *daily* break them in *thought, word, and deed*.

REFERENCES: Ecclesiastes 7:20; 1 John 1:8, 10; Galatians 5:17; Genesis 6:5; 8:21; Romans 3:9-21; James 3:2-13

## 21. Can man in his fallen estate do anything good?

ANSWER: All mankind, while in their fallen estate, has wholly lost all ability of will to any spiritual good accompanying salvation; so as, a natural man, being altogether averse from that good, and dead in sin, is not able, by his own will and ability, do anything to convert himself or prepare himself thereunto.

REFERENCES: Romans 5:6; 8:7; 3:10-12; Ephesians 2:1-3; Colossians 2:13; John 6:44, 65; 1 Corinthians 2:14; Titus 3:3-5; Matthew 19:25-26; Mark 10:26-27; Luke 18:26-27.

#### 22. Who is the Redeemer of God's elect?

ANSWER: The only Redeemer of God's elect is the Lord Jesus Christ, who being the eternal Son of God, became man, and so was and continues to be God and man, in two distinct natures and one person forever.

REFERENCES: 1 Timothy 2:5; John 1:14; 1 Timothy 3:16; Philippians 2:5-8; Colossians 2:9

### 23. Why must the Redeemer/Mediator be a Man who is perfectly righteous?

ANSWER: Because the justice of God requires that the same human nature which has sinned, should likewise make satisfaction for sin, and one, who is himself a sinner, cannot satisfy for others.

REFERENCES: Romans 5:12, 15; 1 Peter 3:18; Isaiah 53:11

### 24. Who is the Redeemer/Mediator be in one person be also very God?

ANSWER: That He might by the power of His Godhead sustain in His human nature the burden of God's wrath; and might obtain for, and restore to us, righteousness and life.

REFERENCES: 1 Peter 3:18; Acts 2:24; Isaiah 53:8; 1 John 1:2; Jeremiah 23:6; 2 Timothy 1:10; John 6:51.

## 25. What are the appointed offices of our Mediator, Jesus Christ?

ANSWER: It pleased God, in His eternal purpose, to choose and ordain the Lord Jesus, His only begotten Son, to be the Mediator between God and man, the Prophet, Priest and King, the Head and Saviour of His Church, the Heir of all things, and Judge of the world: unto whom He did from all eternity give a people, to be His seed, and to be by Him in time redeemed, called, justified, sanctified, and glorified.

REFERENCES: Isaiah 42:1; 1 Peter 1:19-20; John 3:16; Acts 3:22; Deuteronomy 18:15-19; Hebrews 5:5-6; Psalm 2:6; Luke 1:33; Ephesians 5:23; Hebrews 1:2; Acts 17:31; John 17:6; Psalm 22:30; Isaiah 53:10; 1 Timothy 2:6; Isaiah 55:4-5; 1 Corinthians 1:30.